Pilot agri-environment programme for threatened meadow-steppe grasslands:

A case study from Transylvania (Romania)

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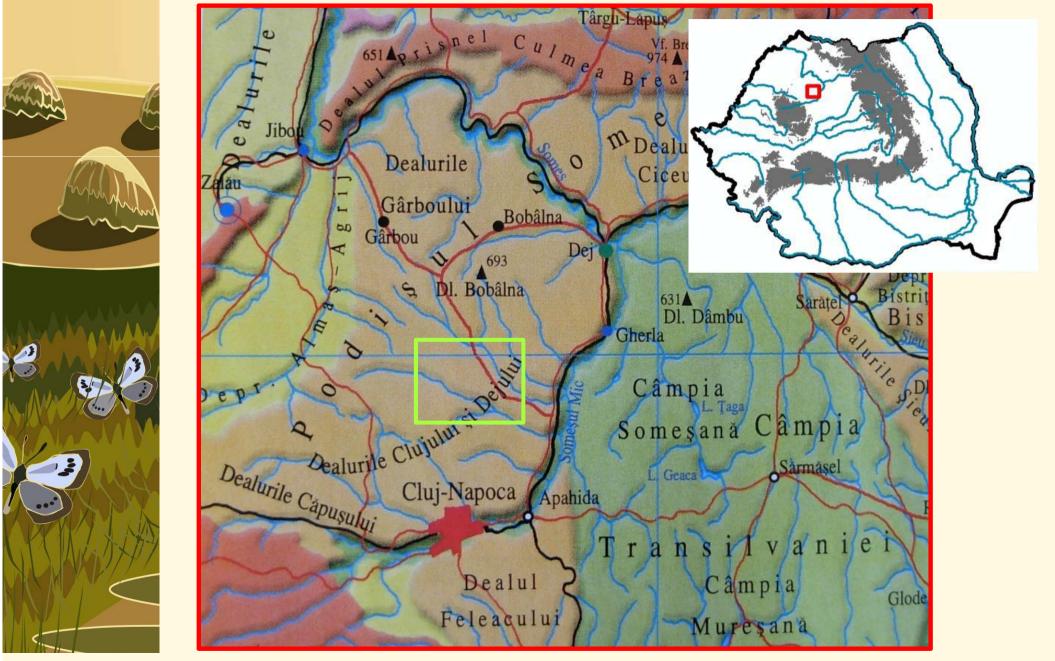


Background



- Agri-environment measures: farmers are rewarded for an ecologically friendly management; their land has to be registered.
- Pilot agri-environment programme: Experiences through applied conservation and studies about
 - land use,
 - socio-economy,
 - administrative issues,
 - ecology
 - in a transition country.

Study area: SCI near Cluj-Napoca



Land use, socio-economic situation

- (Semi)subsistence farming
- Declining cattle numbers, increasing sheep grazing



Extensively-farmed hay meadows

On landslide slopes with undulating structure
hay meadow complexes (40 – 200 ha)
Old meadows, partly abandoned
1 cut (+ aftermath), no fertilizer

Complex vegetation pattern

Mosaic of dry to wet grasslands
Cirsio-Brachypodion (6210) – mesoxerophile meadow steppes
Molinion caerulaea (6410) – Molinia meadows

High species diversity



Endangered hot spot

Maculinea spp.

- Unique : 5 species of butterfly genus Maculinea
- Threats: abandonment of mowing, land use change

Pilot Programme in 2011



Aims:

- Contribute to protection of *Maculinea* spp. and their hay meadow habitats
- Learn lessons for national Agri-Environment programme

Requirements:

• Mowing compulsory, date after 25th of August

Area:

• 34 ha in 3 hay meadows; 30 farmers

Implementation





Results: Success of programme



 Comparison mown 2010 and 2011: Hay meadow 1: 23% -> 31% Hay meadow 2: 12% -> 20% Hay meadow 3: 0% -> 3%

- Impact of pilot programme:
 - 54% have mown in 2010 + would have mown
 - (63 % earlier)
 - 46% wouldn't have mown

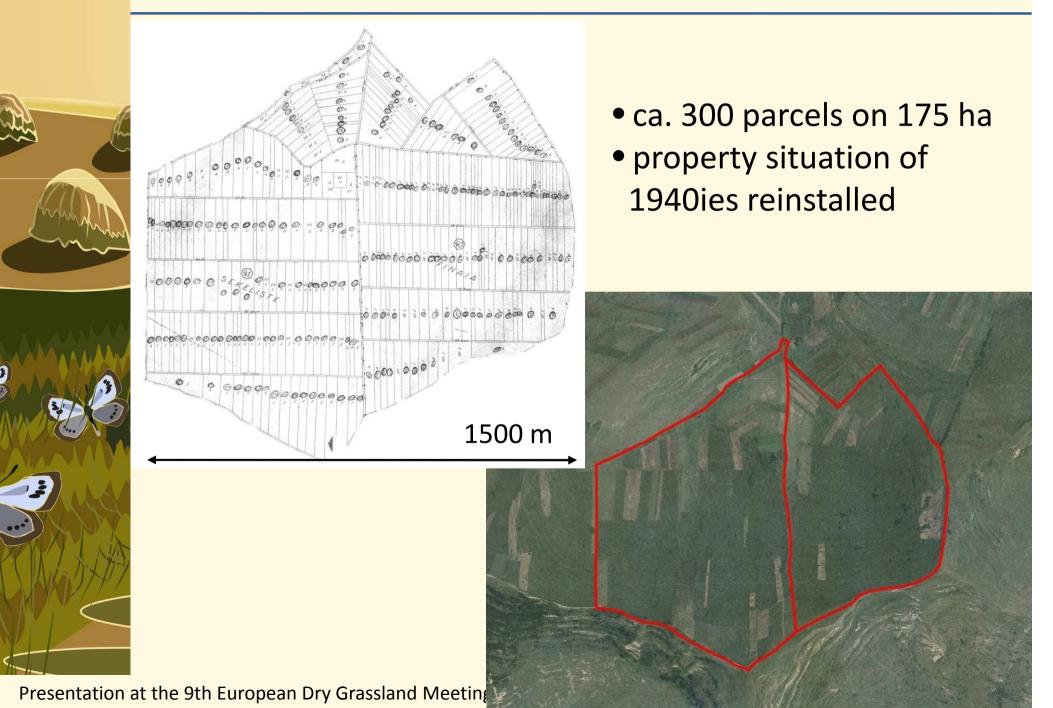
Results: Mowing dates



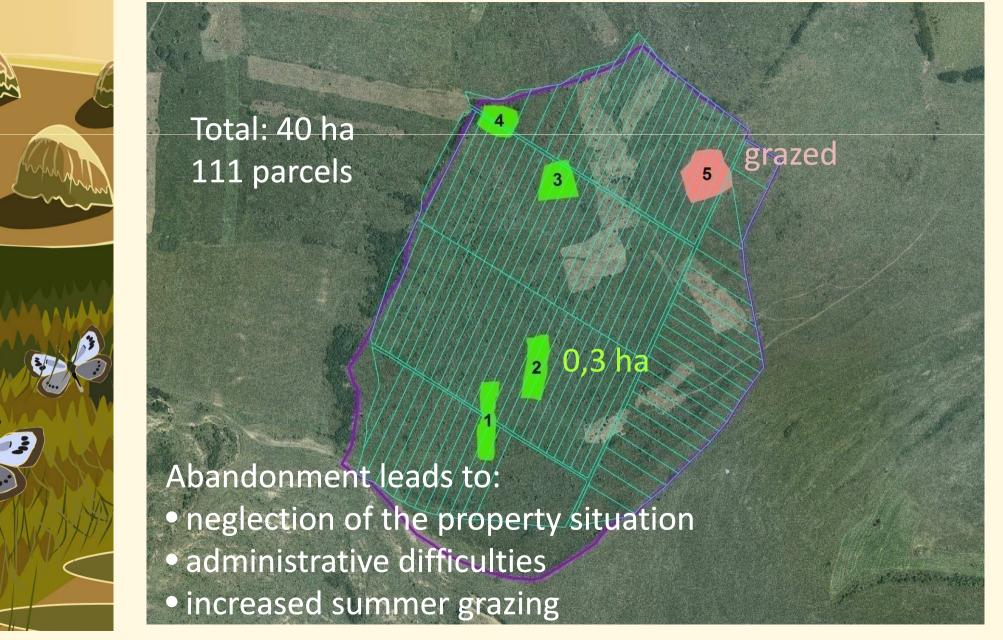
Traditional mowing dates June: 20% July: 80% August: 50% (until 15th of August) Sept: 0%

In 2011 – surface mown after 25th of August Hay meadow 1: ca. 30% Hay meadow 2: ca. 55%

Results: Property structure



Property structure, abandonment



Results: Mowing heterogeneity 2010-2011

Ecological questions:

- What is the optimal percentage of unmown parts?
- How long should/could the fallow periods be?
- Maculinea: Late mowing date or fallow areas?

Socio-economical and administrative:

 How can the mosaical management be organized (with more than 100 owners)?

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mo only in 2011



not movin in both years

Conclusions



- Some meadows highly threatened through abandonment
- Active meadows: land use diversity potentially leading to high biodiversity of plants and animals
- But: transition time, challenge how to ensure the mosaical management in the future
- Pilot programme: close contact to communities allowed insight in issues potentially important also for national scheme
 - → Proposal for agri-environment package for hay meadows in Romania
- As long as keeping cows is not attractive, AES can be an important way to maintain the hay meadows

Thank you for your attention!

Thanks to:

The sponsors

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•The team of the Mozaic Project